1 2 3 4 5	Stephen D. Finestone (125675) Jennifer C. Hayes (197252) FINESTONE HAYES LLP 456 Montgomery Street, 20 th Floor San Francisco, California 94104 Telephone: (415) 616-0466 Facsimile: (415) 398-2820 sfinestone@fhlawllp.com jhayes@fhlawllp.com				
6 7	Attorneys for Creditor Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories, Inc.				
8	UNITED STATES BA	ANKRUPTCY COURT			
	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
10	SAN FRANCI	SCO DIVISION			
11	In re	Case No. 19-30088-DM			
12	PG&E CORPORATION,	Chapter 11			
13 14	Debtor-in-Possession.	Jointly Administered with Case No. 19-30089			
15	In re	Date: March 10, 2020			
16	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,	Time: 10:00 a.m. Ctrm: 450 Golden Gate Ave., 16 th Floor San Francisco, CA 94102			
17	,	San Plancisco, CA 94102			
18	Debtor-in-Possession.				
19	CLAIMANTS' MOTION TO	ICIAL COMMITTEE OF TORT DESTABLISH PROCEDURES			
20	FOR DISCOVERY PRECED	ING PLAN CONFIRMATION			
21					
22	Creditor Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories, Inc. ("Schweitzer"), for its objection to the				
23	Official Committee of Tort Claimants' Motion to Establish Procedures For Discovery Preceding				
24	Plan Confirmation [Doc. 5840] ("Motion"), states as follows:				
25	INTRODUCTION				
26	Schweitzer sells electrical power industry products and services. Schweitzer has sold				
27	various products to PG&E. Schweitzer generally has no knowledge of how PG&E installed these				
28					
Case	: 19-30088 Doc# 6027 Filed: 03/03/20 E 15	ntered: 03/03/20 14:32:39 Page 1 of			

Even so, the Official Committee of Tort Claimants ("TCC") issued a subpoena on Schweitzer — one of 126 identical document subpoenas¹ issued between January 10, 2020, and January 21, 2020—seeking over seven years' worth of documents covering fifteen broad categories ("Subpoena").² As noted by the Debtors' recently filed objection, "All of the discovery and other relief requested in the TCC Motion relate to post Plan Effective Date matters. Indeed, the assignment to the Fire Victim Trust of the Assigned Claims and Causes of Action cannot occur until, and is conditioned upon, the occurrence of the Plan Effective Date." [Doc. 5995].

Absent any authority, therefore, the TCC subpoenas seek "any and all contracts" and "indemnification and/or hold harmless agreements" between Schweitzer and PG&E. *See* Subpoena, Request Nos. 1-3. Further, the requests seek "all documents," including policies, applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, related to any insurance policy covering Schweitzer, regardless of any relationship to PG&E. *See* Subpoena, Request Nos. 4-15. In accordance with Rule 45(d)(2)(B), made applicable by Bankruptcy Rule 9016, Schweitzer objected to the subpoena.

Most of what the TCC seeks via subpoena it already has via the extensive discovery on PG&E. See Motion /Ex Parte Application of the Official Committee of Tort Claimants Pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2004 for Orders Authorizing Production of Documents [Doc. 1767] (requesting both indemnity contracts with third-party contractors and insurance policies providing coverage for the work done by those contractors). In addition to using Bankruptcy Rule 2004, the TCC also reviewed documentation provided in the estimation proceedings and the criminal case.

Filed: 03/03/20 Entered: 03/03/20 14:32:39 Page 2 of

¹ The TCC also issued subpoenas on February 7, 2020, on Exigis LLC and Marsh USA Inc. See Notice of Subpoena Issued to Exigis LLC and Marsh USA Inc. Filed by Creditor Committee Official Committee of Tort Claimants [Doc. 5695]. Further, the TCC issued 37 subpoenas on governmental entities on February 18, 2020. See Notice of Subpoena Filed by Creditor Committee Official Committee of Tort Claimants [Doc. 5820].

² Attached as **Exhibit A** is a copy of the subpoena.

1

Since receiving Schweitzer's objection, the TCC has made no effort to discuss a resolution. Instead, the TCC filed their Motion seeking to circumvent the protections of Rule 45 and violate Bankruptcy Rule 9031.

SUMMARY OF THE ARGUMENT

The process suggested by the TCC wrongly assumes the underlying subpoenas have merit—or were issued appropriately—and, therefore, require a complicated discovery resolution process. As more fully discussed below, neither the subpoenas nor the suggested process is permissible under Rule 45 or Bankruptcy Rule 9031. The TCC's Motion should be denied and their subpoenas judged void ab initio.

ARGUMENT

I. RULE 45 PRECLUDES THE RELIEF SOUGHT IN THE MOTION.

The TCC elected to issue 126 subpoenas under Rule 45 to non-parties. In its *Motion to* Quash the Official Committee of Tort Claimants' Subpoena Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(d)(3) [Doc. 5896] ("Motion to Quash"), Black & Veatch Construction, Inc. ("BVCI") outlines the protections provided by Rule 45, the requirement for the subpoena to be issued from an action, and the impropriety of the breadth and type of information being sought by the TCC.

To lessen this Court's burden, Schweitzer adopts and incorporates by reference the arguments made by BVCI in its Motion to Quash in support of this opposition. The subpoenas are simply untethered to any contested matter.³ As such, each subpoena should be declared void ab initio.

would not encompass the subjects of the subpoenas.

Entered: 03/03/20 14:32:39 Filed: 03/03/20 Page 3 of

19-30088 Doc# 6027

Case

26

27

28

³ The TCC relies on Fleet Nat'l Bank v. Gray (In re Bankvest Capital Corp.), 375 F.3d 51, 70 (5th Cir. 2004) for the position that the confirmation process is a contested matter. This citation is misleadingly applied here. The *Fleet* court determined that the doctrine of *res* judicata did not apply, because the issue of avoidance of fraudulent transfers and

preferences could only be addressed in an adversary proceeding and "contested" required an objection to confirmation. The TCC will **not** be objecting to confirmation as it has entered into a Restructuring Support Agreement with Debtors. No requisite objection will exist to create a contested matter, but even if such objection existed, it

6 7 8

10 11

9

12 13

15 16

14

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

The TCC has conducted an extensive investigation through information provided by PG&E in this case, the estimation proceeding, and the criminal proceeding. According to the TCC, it identified the contractors that "PG&E relied on to complete much of its vegetation and asset management, which may have contributed to the fires at issue in this proceeding." See Motion, at 3, ln. 20–1 (emphasis added). Schweitzer provided products to PG&E which may have been placed into service or may still be in inventory.

Schweitzer is generally aware of *no* services that it provided to PG&E which meet the threshold requirement set by the TCC to only seek information from providers of vegetation and asset management. The subpoena nor the Motion rebut this point because neither give any insight to this Court on how Schweitzer (or any other non-party) participated in PG&E's vegetation and asset management.

II. THE SUBPOENAS SHOULD NOT BE RATIFIED.

This search for documents is plainly unrelated to the Plan Confirmation and, therefore, lacks merit. The Debtors confirm this fact in their own Objection [Doc. 5995]. In essence, the TCC lacks standing to seek these documents, yet urges this Court to immediately assume unnecessary obligations and help the TCC gauge the depth of a potential pool of insurance funds.

A pause is necessary to unwind this point. At this moment, the TCC has no Assigned Claims or Causes of Action to pursue. Even if it did, the Federal Rules of Procedure sets the guidelines for discovery in Rule 26. This Rule would not allow for the discovery being sought unless and until a lawsuit had been filed against Schweitzer (or any other non-party) which meets the requirements of Rule 11. In other words, the TCC would be required to set out specific allegations in a filed complaint that in good faith alleges Schweitzer (or any other non-party) was the proximate cause of the fires. Thereafter, certain information might be subject to an initial disclosure under Rule 26(a)(1), while other requested information would fall within Rule 26(f) and be subject to a discovery plan.

1 2 3

Case

19-30088

Doc# 6027

III. BANKRUPTCY RULE 9031 PROHIBITS THE APPOINTMENT OF A SPECIAL MASTER.

Beyond these objections to the process and the subpoena in general, the Bankruptcy Rules prohibit the appointment of a Special Master as requested by the TCC. The TCC asks this Court to appoint a Special Master to be the arbiter of any dispute which requires court intervention. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9031 states, "Rule 53 F.R.Civ.P. does not apply in cases under the Code." Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 53 provides the limitations on what duties a master can be appointed to perform. If Rule 9031 were vague—it is not—the heading for this rule states: "Masters Not Authorized." Further, the Advisory Committee Note to Rule 9031 provides: "This rule precludes the appointment of masters in cases and proceedings under the Code." The Court, despite the request of the TCC, cannot delegate the resolution of discovery disputes to a special master.

IV. CONCLUSION

This Court should deny the pending motion and void the subpoenas *ab initio*. The TCC has an agreement with the Debtors and other parties. It will urge its constituents to vote in support of the Debtors sponsored Plan pursuant to the terms of the Reorganization Support Agreement. The TCC does not need the subpoenaed documents to decide on the Plan or advise its group on how to vote.

Dated: January 30, 2019 FINESTONE HAYES LLP

By: /s/ Stephen D. Finestone
Stephen D. Finestone
Attorneys for Creditor
Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Northern	District of	California		
In re PG&E Corporation				
Debtor				
(Complete if issued in an adversary proceeding)	Case No. <u>19-30088</u>	3 (DM)		
	Chapter 11			
Plaintiff V.	Adv. Proc. No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Defendant				
SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A BANK Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories, Inc., c/c Suite 150N, Sacramento, CA 95833	OCSC – Lawyers Incorporat	VERSARY PROCEEDING) ing Service, 2710 Gateway Oaks Drive,		
(Name o	of person to whom the subpo	ena is directed)		
Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See attachment Exhibit A				
PLACE Bridget McCabe, C/O Veritext, One Capitol Mall, S 95814	Suite 240, Sacramento, CA	DATE AND TIME February 4, 2020, at 1:00 PM PST		
☐ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.				
PLACE		DATE AND TIME		
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of complisubpoena; and Rule 45(e) and 45(g), relating to your doing so. Date: 1/21/2020 CLERK OF COURT Signature of Clerk or Dep	OR OR Outy Clerk Attorn	oena and the potential consequences of not Augustian Carre The potential consequences of not are a series of the consequences of the consequences of not are a series of the consequences of the consequence		
The name address and 1111 are and 1111	Bridget S. N			
The name, address, email address, and telephone nur	mber of the attorney represer	nting (name of party)		

Official Committee of Tort Claimants, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Bridget S. McCabe, 11601 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1400, Los Angeles, CA 90025, bmccabe@bakerlaw.com, (310) 442-8844 Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of this subpoena must be served on each party before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for <i>(na</i> on <i>(date)</i>	me of individual and title, if any):
☐I served the subpoena by del	ivering a copy to the named pers	son as follows:
	on (date)	; or
	executed because:	
Unless the subpoena was issued witness the fees for one day's a	d on behalf of the United States,	or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the wed by law, in the amount of \$
I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information	is true and correct.
Date:		
		Server's signature
		Printed name and title
		Server's address

Additional information concerning attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13) (made applicable in bankruptcy cases by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure)

(c) Place of compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
 - (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, or electronically stored information, or things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises, at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
- (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development; or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B)Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (g) Contempt. The court for the district where compliance is required and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013)



EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS

- 1. As used herein, the words "Document" and "Documents" mean each written, typed, printed, recorded, transcribed, taped, electronically stored, digitized, disked, filmed, or graphic matter of every kind, however produced or reproduced, including originals or copies of originals not in existence or available, all drafts or partial copies, wherever located, and including all Electronic Data, correspondence, letters, emails, memoranda, requests for information, reports, studies, tests, inspections, working papers, handwritten notes, diaries, charts, spreadsheets, photographs, sketches, drawings, blueprints, videos, graphs, indices, submittals, data sheets, databases, conversations, statements, minutes, notations (including notes or memorandum of conversations), telephone conversations in whatever form, suggestions, comments, instructions, warnings, notices, manuals, periodicals, pamphlets, brochures, catalogues, bulletins, schedules, invoices, and other documentation.
- 2. The term "Electronic Data" as used herein, shall be construed as the following types of electronic data and data compilations in the custody and/or control of the party responding to this Subpoena:
- a. All electronic mail and information about electronic mail sent or received by the party responding to this Subpoena;
 - b. All databases containing any reference and/or information;
- c. All activity logs on any computer system which may have been used to process or store electronic data containing information;
- d. All word processing files and file fragments, including metadata, containing information about the below listed subjects;
- e. All electronic data files and file fragments created by application programs that process information requested herein;
- f. All electronic data files and file fragments from electronic calendars and scheduling programs that contain information about the below-listed subjects; and

1	g. All audio and video recordings sent, received, or stored by the par	rty
2	responding to this Subpoena that contains, references, or otherwise identifies information about t	he
3	below listed subjects.	
4	3. The terms "and" and "or" as used herein, shall, where the context permits,	be
5	construed to mean "and/or" as necessary to bring within the scope of the subpoena request.	
6	4. The terms "You" and "Your" refer to the party responding to this Subpoena.	
7	5. The term "PG&E" refers to PG&E Corporation and/or Pacific Gas & Electronic Control of the term of t	ric
8	Company.	
9	6. The term "Work" means any activity performed by You in fulfillment of You	ur
10	duties, contractual or otherwise, to PG&E.	
11	7. The term "Communication(s)" means any transmission of information from o	ne
12	person or entity to another, including (without limitation) by personal meeting, conference	ce,
13	conversation, telephone, radio, electronic mail, teleconference, or any other method	of
14	communication or by any medium.	
15	8. The term "Fires" means the fires that occurred in Northern California in 2015,	
16	2017 and 2018 listed below:	
17	1. Butte Fire (2015)	
18	2. North Bay Wildfires (2017)	
19	a. 37	
20	b. Adobe	
21	c. Atlas	
22	d. Blue	
23	e. Cascade	
24	f. Cherokee	
25	g. Honey	
26	h. LaPorte	
27	i. Lobo	
28	j. Maacama / Youngs	

- 2 -

26

27

28

	,			
1			k.	McCourtney
2			1.	Norrbom
3			m.	Nuns
4			n.	Partrick
5			0.	Pocket
6			p.	Point
7			q.	Pressley
8			r.	Pythian / Oakmont
9			s.	Redwood / Potter Valley
10			t.	Sullivan
11	,		u.	Sulphur
12			v.	Tubbs
13		3.	Camp	Fire (2018)
14				
15	·			
16				1
17				•
18				
19				
20				
21		ăr.		
22				
23				
24				

- 3 -

Filed: 03/03/20 of 15 Page 12 Entered: 03/03/20 14:32:39

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

All Documents that constitute and/or memorialize any and all contracts and/or work agreements between You and PG&E, for the time period 2013 to the present.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

All Documents that constitute and/or memorialize, any and all indemnification and/or hold harmless agreements between You and PG&E, for the time period 2013 to the present.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize any and all reports, analyses, summaries, or descriptions of Your work for PG&E, for the time period 2013 to the present.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize Commercial General Liability insurance policies, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, for which You are an insured, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize Errors & Omissions/Professional Liability insurance policies, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, for which You are an insured, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize Directors & Officers insurance policies, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, for which You are an insured, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize Environmental/Pollution Liability insurance policies, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and

- 4 -

endorsements, for which You are an insured, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize insurance policies, not otherwise produced in response to Request Nos. 4-7, that You were contractually required to maintain pursuant to any contracts You had with PG&E, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, for which You are an insured, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

All Documents that constitute and/or, memorialize other insurance policies, not otherwise produced in response to Requests 4-8, that provide defense coverage, indemnity, and/or other coverage of claims arising from or related to Your services or acts, including but not limited to all applications, declarations, policies and endorsements, for the time period 2013 to the present. Included in this request are all such policies whether insuring You alone, or You as well as others.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

All Documents that constitute, refer or relate to notices of claims, tenders and coverage Communications—including but not limited to coverage positions and insurance analyses—between You and any insurers for all such insurance policies subject to Request Nos. 4-9, for the time period 2013 to the present related, directly or indirectly, to the Fires and/or Your Work for PG&E.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

All Documents that constitute, refer or relate to notices of claims, tenders and coverage Communications—including but not limited to coverage positions and insurance analyses—between You and any insurance brokers or agents for all such insurance policies subject to Request Nos. 4-9, for the time period 2013 to the present related, directly or indirectly, to the Fires and/or Your Work for PG&E.

- 5 -

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

All Documents that constitute, refer or relate to notices of claims, tenders and coverage Communications—including but not limited to coverage positions and insurance analyses—between You and any insurers for all such insurance policies subject to Request Nos. 4-9, for the time period 2013 to the present related to work that You performed for any entity other than PG&E but that was the same or similar in nature to the Work you performed for PG&E.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

All Documents that constitute, refer or relate to notices of claims, tenders and coverage Communications—including but not limited to coverage positions and insurance analyses—between You and any insurance brokers or agents for all such insurance policies subject to Request Nos. 4-9, for the time period 2013 to the present related to work that You performed for any entity other than PG&E but that was the same or similar in nature to the Work You performed for PG&E.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

All Documents constituting, memorializing, or reflecting any payment of Your defense costs and/or indemnity and/or ultimate net loss, however it may be defined by any given policy, made by each insurance carrier subject to Request Nos. 4-9 for the time period 2013 to the present.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

All Documents constituting, memorializing, or reflecting insurance policy limits remaining available for payment of covered claims under each policy where an insurance carrier has made a payment subject to Request No. 14.

- 6 -